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THE DAILY COURIER.

BY W. N. HALDEMAN.

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DAILY COURIER.

THURSDAY MORNING, - - JUNE 11, 1868.

THE COURIER.

Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

REVISED TERMS:

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DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

Democratic Meeting in Meade County.

BRANDENBURG, KY., June 1.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

Through you we wish to give notice that there will be a meeting of the Democracy of Meade county held at the court-house in Brandenburg the second Saturday, 13th inst., for the purpose of appointing or electing a district delegate to attend the Fifth judicial district, for the purpose of receiving the claims of the different aspirants for the offices of Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney.

J. B. WOOLFOLK.

Chairman Executive Committee Meade county.

NEWS AND PERSONAL.

SEVENTEEN YEAR locusts abound in the region about Columbus, Ohio.

THE NAUVOO Indians are in Dayton, sick, and in dire want of money.

BUT TWO ex-Presidents are now living—Fillmore and Pierce.

MAJOR CHAS. W. LEPAM, paymaster in the United States navy, was found dead in his bed at Montpelier, Vt., yesterday, aged fifty years.

JOHN S. WARNER, a veteran of the war of 1812, and a well-known auctioneer, of Philadelphia, died Tuesday, aged seventy-one.

THE DEMOCRATIC County Convention met at Lafayette Hall, in Pittsburg, yesterday, but failed to nominate a county ticket, and adjourned till August 12th.

POTTER & Co.'s planing mill and Smith Kimball's dwelling, at Williamsburg, Pa., were destroyed by fire yesterday. Kimball's ax factory damaged. The planing mill was insured at $20,000.

VINC. I. MARTIN, late President of a mining company at Pinos Altos, New Mexico, was murdered by Indians, near Fort Bayard, in that Territory, on the 18th of May.

A TWELVE-year's old boy, in New York, admirably manifested a part of blue talk, because his "mother didn't like him." He made himself prodigiously sick, but that did—anything except the cost of his stomach.

AT BADEN-BADEN a lady asked her friend "why they called a town devoted to play a watering-place?" "Because," answered her friend, "the visitors are generally cleaned out."

A FASHIONABLE person in cars to German, smoking. "Here, sir, I'll make you a present of a good cigar." Grateful Gush: "Vast fery gout cigar; I schmoken him after mine supper."

IN THE Venango oil region, it is reported, a vein of lead has been discovered, which yields sixty-eight per cent. of lead, and about eighteen per cent. of silver.

IN NEWCOMB, New York, last Thursday, Frank Witte's clothing caught upon a revolving shaft, and he was whirled around with frightful velocity, striking the ceiling at each revolution. He lived but two hours.

SIX PERSONS in the family of William Close, at West Milford, New Jersey, were poisoned by bad pork last week, from the effects of which two died and the others remain in a dangerous condition.

ON MONDAY afternoon the agitator to Fulton & Marvin's refinery, near Tarentum, nineteen miles above Pittsburg, was pleaded, killing a cooper named James Gregan, and injuring the superintendent of the refinery.

A MAN named Samuel Patterson, a citizen of Gallipolis, Ohio, committed suicide there on Monday night by taking four ounces of laudanum. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause. He leaves a family.

A MARRIED woman named Mrs Cocker was robbed of $3,500 in Chicago, on Sunday, by some conscienceless thief. The money, the proceeds of a life of labor, was deposited in a trunk in her sleeping room.

IN THE Superior Court of Cincinnati, Tuesday, a woman named Louisa Featherstey, who had been imprisoned four hours on a charge of arson, recovered a verdict of $1,000 against the party who had sworn out the warrant on which she was arrested. The perpetrator of the mysterious fire, of which there were thirteen in one month, has not turned up.

AT THE latest ultra-fashionable wedding in New York, while the minister was speaking, pronouncing the blessing, &c., the organ never ceased playing a comic tune from "La Belle Helene." This is the latest innovation, and, judging from the remarks of the audience, it will not be popular.

THE DEVICE adopted for the new national flag for the Dominion of Canada is described as follows: "A white field, containing a garland of autumnal maple flowers, bound with the Order of the Garter, and surmounted with an imperial crown, the beaver, and a number of maple leaves in the center."

TWO PECULIARITIES distinguish the Boston girl, which can hardly fail to be noticed by the observant stranger—she the young ladies between the ages of fifteen and thirty—from Boylston to Washington street in the afternoon—two-fifths wear glasses, and three-fifths carry, pressed against their bosoms, books bound in brown paper

A STORY is in circulation in Washington that Secretary Seward has been offered the Russian mission, and that he has declined it. The story is probably true, as Mr. Seward has no taste for diplomatic life, and would not be likely to accept a foreign mission.

THE Governor of the Richmond penitentiary has issued a proclamation offering a reward of $100 for the arrest of Thomas Hall, who escaped from the penitentiary on the 4th inst. Hall was sentenced from Louisville for forgery, and has served about two years of his term.

A RESOLUTION authorizing the Shore Line railroad to bridge the Connecticut river at Lime passed the Connecticut senate yesterday, by a vote of 12 to 5.

THE Synod of the Reformed church, in session at Hudson, N. Y., yesterday, adopted resolutions expressing consternation and urging increased activity on the part of the society toward the settlement of freedmen in Liberia.

BENJAMIN L. BERRY was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the First District of Pennsylvania yesterday. The Republican nomination for Congress in the Third District is L. Myers. In the Fourth District W. D. Kelly has been renominated.

THE DEMOCRATS of New Hampshire held conventions Tuesday and elected delegates to the National Convention. No preference for candidates was expressed, but the general feeling seemed to be for Chase or Hancock, and decidedly against Pendleton.

THE TRIAL of Mrs. Victor for the murder of Wm. Parquet, her brother, in February, 1868, commenced at Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday. A jury was impanneled. One witness only was examined. On an examination of the body last February, eleven months after death, a large quantity of arsenic appeared. Mrs. Victor had a life insurance on him for $2,000 when he died

ELI LAUDEBOUT called upon a former tenant, a blacksmith named Parry, in Detroit, on Saturday to get a key which he supposed Parry had taken with him when he moved. The blacksmith declined taking the key, and immediately attacked Laudebout with a monkey wrench and carriage spoke, trampling his skull and breaking his collar bone. The injuries of the unfortunate man are supposed to be fatal. He had expelled the Parry family from his premises on account of bad character.

LAST WEEK two little Irish lads named Laughlin and McCormick, about eight and twelve years of age respectively, found a barrel of new whisky at the depot at Paris, Ky., out of which the bung had been lost, and while the person in charge was gone for another barge, they inserted a piece of cane, and drank so freely of the liquor as to render them insensible. They were conveyed to their homes as soon as possible. McCormick died next morning from the effects of his debauch; but the other happily recovered, after suffering severely.

A SENSATION has been created in San Francisco by a letter from a young lady, formerly Miss Wilcox, who spent six or eight months in that city after she married a young Frenchman whom she had known in New York and who stood very well in society. She went with him to Paris, where she parents denied the validity of the marriage, on the ground that he was not twenty-five years old when the ceremony was performed, and he had not obtained the consent of his father, and also on the ground that the banns were not published, as required by the French law.

A SUIT is now pending in New York, in which one William Pinder claims $40,000 damages for injuries done to him by Mrs Eliza Bloodhood, his mother-in-law. He charges that the defendant, with intent to keep the upper hand of her husband, never to give him his own way, that she announced authoritatively that her daughter must not have any more children; that she persuaded his wife from going to Chicago with her husband, that she instigated a suit for divorce, and that she has been constantly in the habit of using violent language toward him in the presence of her daughter.

A GENTLEMAN traveling from Boston to New York in one of the Sound steamers, was very much annoyed, on retiring to his state-room with his wife and children, to find a group of "fellows of the baser sort" just under his window making love to coarse conversation and vulgar jokes. A waiter, sent out to remonstrate was consigned to a place some degrees hotter than the boiler-deck. After a moment's thought the intruder filled his mouth with water from the pitcher and, opening his window suddenly, expelled the water into the darkness with the fearful retch of the first agony of a sea sickness. The astonished roughs instantly became a flying squad

Democratic Convention at New Albany.

The Democracy of the Second Congressional District of Indiana, meet at New Albany to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress. We presume from what we hear, that the present member, Hon. M. C. Kerr, who has proved himself one of the most useful, watchful, and certainly one of the ablest men in the present Congress, will be nominated for re-election to the position he has honored for two terms.

DeBow's Review.

We had the pleasure of meeting to day Dr. I. E. Nagle, agent of De Bow's Review. Dr. Nagle will remain in our city some days in the interest of that excellent commercial periodical. The Review is now published in New Orleans, and is ably edited by Mr. Wm. M. Burwell, who has been long connected with the Southern press, and has not a superior in our country in statistical knowledge. We commend the Review as in every way worthy of the support of our community—devoted as it is to the interests of the South and West.

The Kentucky Delegates at New York.

We understand that quarters for the Kentucky delegates to the Democratic National Convention to meet at New York on the 4th of July have been provided at the New York Hotel. It is hoped all the delegates will arrange to be there by the 1st of July, for consultation and organization.

GOV.—Hon. W. H. Wadsworth, of Mason, a prominent member of the late Jo party, is announced to speak at Flemingsburg for Grant and Colfax. So he has at last concluded to swallow the Radical platform, nigger and all.

☞ Those of our citizens who wish to hear an able speech from the eloquent Voorhees, of Indiana, will have an opportunity by going to New Albany to-day. He speaks there this afternoon at 2½ o'clock.

Cheating Around the Board.

The local of the New Albany Commercial, whose flagrant literary "cobblings" have been so often exposed, takes as to task for republishing a story of the I caste, which, beyond our introduction, was duly credited to the authors, a Boston naturalist and Dr. Smith. The Commercial has published the Boston man's article a few days previous, and now has the unmitigated audacity to claim it as its own production.

THE curious indignation of the Atlanta rival man reminds us of an anecdote told on a gambler who was playing a small game of draw-poker with a couple of planters. The black-leg managed to slip up the jacks to his house, under the table, for any convenience that might arise. He was observed by one of the "verdant" pi eters, who in the fragrance of the gambler to play his jacks, he felt for them and "found them missing." He smelt the rat, and jumping up from the table, cuts made in vehement indignation that he would be d—d if he would play in any such crowd—there was cheating going on around the board.

SINCE our exposition of his "borrowing" that rich local incident written by Vahu Dam, he wrangles and wriggles as if he was afflicted with the seventeen year scratch. The locusts are only a "pretext—the commercial bee'd 'em.

BEAUTIFUL. WOOL.—Mr. M. K. Talty, Second street between Market and Jefferson, exhibited to us yesterday, the rich of a Cashmere kid tor ed from Cashmere and St. Louis, a specimen to be seen. He also showed us some specimens of very beautiful wool from the Cashmere goats bred by Messrs. B. & A. B. Talty of Logan county, who in this specialty have certainly been both skillful and successful. Those interested, and who wish to see something handsome, would do well to call on Mr Talty.

THE "IRISH CITIZEN."—Capt. Jas. Mitchel, son of the patriot John Mitchel, of the "Irish Citizen," at New York, is at present in our city on the business of that admirable paper. John Mitchel is one of the most accomplished scholars, most vigorous writers, and ablest editors living, and his "Life" ranks first among our popular newspapers. We hope Capt. Mitchel will be able to add largely to the list of subscribers in Louisville.

BRIDAL TOURISTS.—A certain bridal party arrived from Frankfort last evening and put up at the Louisville Hotel The principals were Mr. and Mrs. John W. Headman, accosted by Miss L. Blanton, Miss Minnie Rodman, Miss Lizzie Runyan, and Messrs John L. Board, Russell Rodman, Buford Taylman, and D. M. Rodman

☞ A special train will leave the city at seven o'clock, P. M., on to-night as well as to-morrow night, o everything those who desire to attend the exercises preceding and at the commencement of Rev. Mr Hill's Academy at Hoobe station to return after the close of the exercises.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire was sounded from box 1 yesterday afternoon a short three o'clock. The cause of the alarm was a slight fi in Ferguson's soap mill which was extinguished before the arrival of the engines

☞ T Patrick Wm Cunningham W J. Grinlan and W H Norton, were committed to jail yesterday by the Marshal of the United States Court to await sentence

SUICIDE.—We learn that a blacksmith named Malone, committed suicide at Smithville, on Sunday evening, by drowning himself. His body was recovered on Tuesday.

CHARTER CONVENTION.

EIGHTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

[Reported for the Louisville Courier.]

The Convention met last night at o'clock, President Morris in the chair.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Humphrey.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Baird moved that the resolution adopted at the last meeting, requiring the journal to be approved before publication, be reconsidered. The motion was carried, when the resolution was withdrawn.

Mr. Baird offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on departments of city government be instructed to report that the legislative department shall consist of a Board of Aldermen, the Mayor presiding, who in case of a tie shall give the casting vote.

Mr. Herbert spoke in favor of the two Boards Mr. Bowman also spoke in favor of retaining the two-board system, but making the legislative and executive departments.

Col. Boone advocated the two board system. After discussing the resolution for some time, he moved that it be referred to the committee on departments of the city government.

Mr. Baird spoke at some length in favor of the one board system, and cited many instances to which the numerous board had consumed valuable time which should have been given to the city's interest. It rescued no unimportant matters.

Mr. Maxwell spoke in favor of the present system, and in conclusion, offered a substitute for the original resolution that the committee be instructed to report in favor of two boards, which, upon a call of the ayes and nays, was adopted.

Ely Lauderdale called upon a former tenant, a blacksmith named Parry, in Detroit, on Saturday to get a key which he supposed Parry had taken with him when he moved. The blacksmith declined taking the key, and immediately attacked Lauderdale with a monkey wrench and carriage spoke, trampling his skull and breaking his collar bone. The injuries of the unfortunate man are supposed to be fatal. He had expelled the Perry family from his premises on account of bad character.

Mr. Bronson moved to recommit the whole matter, which motion was lost.

Mr. Bronder moved that the official proceedings of the convention be also published in the city papers, which motion was amended to include the Journal and Commercial, and, as amended, adopted.

Mr. Baird presented the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the committee on public improvements ascertain the number of squares in the city that need immediate reconstruction, and the amount of money necessary to pave the same, and the per cent. upon all taxable property in the city required for said work, and the expediency of issuing bonds to pay the said work, together with the sovereign of the city.

Mr. Bronder moved that the official proceedings of the convention be also published in the city papers, which motion was amended to include the Journal and Commercial, and, as amended, adopted.

Mr. Baird presented the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the official report of the minutes of this convention, as required to be published shall not be so published till the journal has been read and approved by the convention.

On motion, the convention adjourned to meet again on Wednesday evening, June 10, at 7½ o'clock.

A. J. M'CALLUM, Clerk.

A RUMOR long has been discovered in the Wabash bottom, underneath strata which it seems to contract, have been 60,000 years accumulating.

MISS MARY FORSTER TOMPKINS, an elderly Canada Alfred Townsend, died at Pittsfield, Mass., Tuesday. She was the wife of an Episcopal Methodist clergyman for forty years, a woman of great energy, courage and piety.

CITY FEATURES.

Paschall House Drawing.

On the first day of July, the Paschall House Hotel, with furniture complete, valued at and worth $60,000, will be owned by some fortunate holder of a certificate, the price of which is but five dollars. In the same scheme, some other pieces of real estate, splendidly improved with recent residences and business houses, located in St. Louis, Jefferson City, Missouri, and Memphis, Tennessee, ranging in valuation from $60,000 to $4,000. The scheme is bound to be drawn by the holders of certificates, and either one will largely compensate any one who has or may invest five dollars for a chance.

It is time that to put your certificate should be found you will get nothing and be out five dollars. Equally so is it that if you should draw any one of these pieces of property only property you will get such a return for the small sum raised you can not only not grumble, but the family dependant upon you will join you in returning thanks for the courage you exercised in accomplishing their independence of want. There will be no postponement of the Paschall House drawing after Wednesday, July 1st. Certificates to be had—and their number is limited—at Scott Glore's bookstore and Willard Hotel.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—This popular place of amusement opened last night with a new and excellent troupe, and we were pleased to notice quite a large attendance. The programme throughout was admirably rendered, and the Ethiopian part, in particular, who excelled. This is, perhaps, the very best troupe that has ever been engaged for a variety entertainment in this city, and all who appreciate good singing, dancing and "quaintnesses of old Virginia" will find the Academy only up to their most sanguine expectations. It is the only place of entertainment in the city, and should be so routined.

CITY ITEMS.

☞ Messrs. Morris, Southwick & Co yesterday sold a large lot of real estate, amounting in the aggregate to $30,000. A larger amount would have been sold had it not been that a number of buyers were obliged to have before the sale was over

☞ Any one desiring a good business house and dwelling in a good locality would do well to attend the auction sale of Morris, Southwick & Co., this afternoon at 5 o'clock, on the northwest corner of Eighth and Broadway

☞ A valuable Main street lot will be sold at auction next Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock by

MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO

[OFFICIAL]

CHARTER CONVENTION.

MONDAY EVENING, June 1st.

Present—George W. Morris, President and all the members except Mr. Joyce.

The convention was opened with prayer by the Rev. J. W. Cunningham, of the M. E. Church South.

The journal of the previous meeting was read and approved.

Mr. Trabue from the Committee on Rules, reported a resolution directing the clerk to copy the present city charter, omitting such parts as have been superseded or repealed, and adding thereto the legislature's amendments, and such amendments as have been made, and have — copies thereof printed, with a blank space between, to allow to permit interlineations, when such work is completed it shall be submitted to the convention, in be altered or amended as the convention may direct.

Mr. Herbert presented the following bad—and moved its adoption.

Resolved, That an inquiry be made and reported to the convention, by the committee on rules how long a time it will take to copy the present city charter, omitting such parts as have been superseded or repealed, and adding thereto the legislature's amendments, in a proper and appropriate manner, &c.

Mr. Bronson moved to recommit the whole matter, which motion was lost.

When the question recurred on Mr Herbert's amendment, and the vote being taken on its adoption, the same was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs Browder, Lithgow, Brennaker, Herbert, Bronson, Trabue and Cook—7.

NAYS—President Morris, and Messrs Stoll, Maxwell, Eisenman, Baker, McClaren, Harbon, Browder, Patterson, Baird, Watson, Tillotson, Board, Cassilly, Akers, Boone, Baird, Crain, and Metcalfe—18.

On motion of Mr. Baird Colonel Boone was added to the committee on gas, water and manufactories.

Mr. Baird presented the following resolutions which were referred to the committee on gas, water, and manufactories, viz:

Resolved by the Convention, That it shall be the duty of the city authorities of Louisville to devise the natural resources of the city for manufacturing purposes, and to give due encouragement to the same as to promotion of industrial pursuits and to this end the city shall not be allowed to purchase, condemn and take possession of any such property as may be necessary to dwelling houses, manufactories, or other buildings in such connections, it is due to truth that their expressions should be freely but the frankness of yesterday was also the fire of enthusiasm and confidence in the triumph of the effort being represented.

The programme to the platform is the key note to the feeling that permeated every breast—a unison for the sake of strength, and a formal settlement under the Democratic banner already "full high and advanced" and moving on to victory. The resolutions embody the true doctrines prevalent in the earlier and better days of the republic, and contain a manly and earnest protest against the pernicious practices and principles which have stained the escutcheon of the country in laboring. Chase and engineers proved legion in the field and soldiery financial measures were presented by Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, and the presentation was received with applause and he is the favorite from the original condition which now holds journalism and the producers engage of the people. There was no lounge which gave greater consolation, and there is none which is considered so rich as a popular vote. Such was manifested in the closing remarks of Mr. Pendleton, in the event he bear a nomination from the Democracy. The idea that with Chase's name at the head of the ticket there was no better element to secure a majority in the next House of Congress, and in securing the co-operation of the Senate with the Executive, while, on the other way, seem to strengthen the move for his nomination. The experiences during the past two years show how powerful a President is with the press against him—especially a Congress of two-thirds majority. The latter have their own personal ends and personal aims to guide them. The Radicals are making preparations everywhere to memorialize the next extra session, their idea is to elect men and their cause for the purpose of defeating Grant, if he is to be the party of the Jacobins. The Tribune and some of the Republican newspapers are the instruments to be used to make the people believe that by their election the success of the party is secured, and that the Democracy can not win. Such a course argues to promote and encourage the idea that moral strength which was the best aid to the party during the period of the great struggle for the preservation of the Union.

The question of Chase in regard to the platform seems to be a secret, prevents many Democrats from joining the movement, and has heretofore, and probably at no [illegible] to come before the Convention for the purpose of considering the question in its relation to the Democracy. Whether [illegible] to meet in the Convention New York on the 4th of July next, are problematical questions at the present writing, and [illegible] to be approached, and regard to the [illegible] as to the most important step ever held since the existence of the Government. In the hands of the people, in a question that these same people alone can settle. Certain it is that the Democracy can take the step ground them [illegible] to receive help from on the outside of the party. Let them [illegible] that the success of the party depends upon the [illegible] of the party themselves, and that Congress has nothing to do with it. There are other points which many of the influential leaders have, and which they will not yield. Chase stands in the way they will not support him as the candidate of the party. There are a large class of Republicans who are [illegible] aloof from any connection with the Democratic party, and who will not support Chase or vote for the Democracy will nominate Chase or not. If he is made the standard-bearer, they will vote for Chase—a fact which is known to [illegible] Then there is a large Republican vote in the State, now office holding and non-professional politicians of that party.

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

In reference to the other candidates Hendricks, of Indiana, has gained strength in the East during the past week. The [illegible] speech at that the question in the election was [illegible] and Chase. Both are finely effected by the [illegible] that one of these two will be the nominee of the Democratic party. This, of course, is based on the idea that Governor Seymour will not be a candidate. Governor Hendricks is a stranger with the Democracy in the East, more than any other name mentioned. It reported, however, that he favors the name candidate of Chase, but this cannot be verified. He [illegible] with the Democracy.

GEORGE H. PENDLETON.

An effort has been made during the past week to organize Pendleton clubs in the city. But little headway has been made. He has a number of ardent friends in this city, but they do not happen to be those who control the political organization. The Democratic leaders have been reserved from the State, but they [illegible] the past week, showing that a majority of the delegates to the Convention are for Pendleton on the first ballot, and Hendricks on the second, and not [illegible] are for any person [illegible] a majority of the Convention on the first [illegible] vote in the campaign. The [illegible] to Missouri and not instructed [illegible] Pendleton. A [illegible] was offered and passed [illegible] a vote was taken a motion was made to [illegible] and it was carried showing a majority [illegible] with the west of the Democratic [illegible] their delegates should come to the Convention [illegible] Pendleton as their first choice for candidate. In their judgment would be the best. The news from Kansas is the [illegible] that they too, are not committed, and a strong [illegible] favorable who will be the [illegible] man for the East.

All these go to show that these [illegible] are a convention which [illegible] together with the feeling which [illegible] judicious action on certain, so will that body which is to meet here the 4th day of July next. The same [illegible] are agreed to promote and [illegible] and that is, to nominate the man who [illegible] the best hopes [illegible], and every [illegible] that moral strength which was the best aid to the party during the period of the great struggle for the preservation of the Union.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The following are the nominations as adopted by the people of Tennessee, thus completing the ticket of the party in that State:

For Governor—John C. Brown.

For Congressmen at large—Horace Maynard, Emerson Etheridge, Andrew Johnson, Connally F. Trigg, Wm. B. Stokes, Wm. Heiskell, Wm. M. Churchwell, Wm. M. Bowen, Wm. Cross, Wm. Wilson, Wm. Hall, Wm. Brimson, Wm. Bowers, Wm. Bowers, Wm. Bowers

DAILY COURIER.

BY W. N. HALDEMAN.

OFFICE, 109 WEST JEFFERSON ST., Between Third and Fourth.

S. B. BUCKNER, Editor.

THURSDAY MORNING, - - JUNE, 11 1868.

Inequality Before the Law.

While the Radical party are preaching, just now, with unwonted eloquence on the necessity of equal rights before the law, the legislation of the party has been uniformly productive of the inequalities which, in theory, they profess to decry. The "poor, downtrodden African" has been a fruitful theme upon which to ventilate their professions of philanthropy. Upon him they have lavished their chief encomiums. It is he whom they have taken to their fraternal embrace! It is to him they have extended their protecting arm! It is his voice they have attuned in the legislative halls of the South, in preparation for the time when he is to displace the Clays, the Websters, the Haynes, and the McDuffies from the Senate Chamber, and hold the galleries entranced by his statesmanlike utterances! It is he whose person has been made sacred from the penalties of State laws which are operating on every white man. It is he, who, under pretense of "equality before the law," receives from Congressional legislation a degree of protection not extended to any white man. It is he whose chains they have broken; while, to elevate him to power, they have placed the shackles of a political serfdom upon a large portion of the Caucasian race. They have given him freedom; they have taken the ballot from Southern white men and have given it to him; they have given him a degree of protection not accorded to an American, an Irishman, a German or any other white citizen of the country; they have given him office and power, and means to retain dominion over large majorities of white men; they have elevated him above the Anglo-Saxon race, and yet they cry aloud for still more of such equality.

One usurpation treads so rapidly upon the heels of another, that we are apt to lose sight of the wrong committed yesterday in consequence of the perpetration of a new one today; but the inequality of protection given by the "civil rights bill" to one class of citizens over all the rest should be constantly kept in view. It so deeply concerns the welfare of the country, and the rights of every citizen, that the party which enacted such an enormity should be held rigidly accountable to the people for so serious an offence against the Constitution and against civil liberty.

The dangers of this partisan act of legislation are illustrated by the ease to which we alluded a few days ago—the arrest of Father Lambert Young, a Catholic priest, and his commitment to jail in this city. The action against Father Young originated in one of the most brutal outrages ever perpetrated in any community. In January last, a respectable Irish girl residing in Frankfort, Kentucky, was seized by a brutal negro, violence was committed by him upon her person, after which she was beaten with a stone and thrown headlong, in a dying condition, from a high cliff. As soon as it was known who perpetrated this fiendish deed, the offender was conveyed to the jail, but a number of the countrymen of the unfortunate girl, incensed at the outrage and attempted murder of their countrywoman, assembled as an infuriated mob to wreak vengeance upon the fiend who had outraged her person. Under these circumstances appeals were made by the District Attorney, the Mayor, and other persons, to Father Young to use his influence to disperse the mob. He was a Catholic priest, and as it was thought the mob were composed chiefly of Irish Catholics, it was believed that the weight of his influence would tend greatly to quell the disturbance. He complied willingly with the request, and used every exertion in his power to prevent the violation of law. His conduct was the theme of praise with all. He rescued the jailer from the infuriated mob, but vainly strove to restrain their rage against the negro, who was seized and summarily executed.

Had the perpetrator of the fiendish outrage upon the Irish girl been a white man, the case would have been left to be adjudged by the civil tribunals of the State which properly have jurisdiction of all offences against society. But as the offender was a negro, his person, under Radical legislation, was held secred from the control of the State laws, and a United States commissioner, under the plea of dispensing justice, as interpreted by the civil rights bill, assumed control of the case. After an investigation by the grand jury four Irishmen were arrested on suspicion of having participated in the proceedings of the mob, and are still kept in jail to awake the discovery of sufficient testimony against them to warrant conviction. Father Young having declined to testify before the grand jury was summoned before the United States District Judge at this place, where he again declined to testify. The reason assigned for his declining relate to the character of his office as a priest, and are given at length in our issue of Tuesday last. It was as a priest that the officers of the law sought his influence. It was as a priest that he gained access to the jail. It was as a priest, and not as a public informer, that he learned all that he knew in reference to the mob. "I do not know," says he, "that my testimony would produce the conviction of any man, accused or not accused. * * * It is not to screen any offender or supposed offender against the law, nor from any sympathy with mob violence in this case or in any other, but to protect, so far as in me lies, spotless and unblemished my sacerdotal robes." The reasons, however, were decided to be insufficient. Father Young was adjudged guilty of contempt and was committed to jail. There he now lies a victim of the civil rights bill; and there he will remain as long as the Judge of the court may think fit to retain him, without any right of appeal to a higher tribunal to decide the justice of his imprisonment.

This is one of the results of Radical legislation. It is not a case arising in one of the so-called rebel States, but in a recognized member of the Union. What occurs under this bill in Kentucky to day, may transpire in Ohio or Indiana to-morrow. The negro is as sacred under Federal law in those States as he is in South Carolina; and whenever a Radical Federal Government should feel the strength to execute its wishes there, the white man of the North, as well as of the South, must bend before the superior majesty of the African. And this is called by the Radicals "equality before the law!"

Col. Dent's Body-guard and the Investigation they are Trying to Stifle.

A fleet of wharf property needed by the city in May, 1865, was offered at $65,000, but was not purchased by the Council until several months had elapsed, and then that virtuous and public spirited body ordered the Mayor to buy it at $65,000. Did the Council know in May that the wharf was needed, and that they could procure them for $65,000 what they would be willing at a moment's notice to buy with $65,000 of the city's money? It is certain that one member, Col. Henry Dent, knew it, and that he used his knowledge not for the city's benefit, but for his own private emolument. Why could not the Council buy the property from first hands? Why did a majority of that body require the property to pass first by a secret bargain and sale through the hands of fellow-members, and pay into their pockets a tariff of $80,000 before it came into the city's possession?

Can it be presumed that a majority of the Council would fleece the tax-payers thus for the sole profit of any one member? Concede that the superior shrewdness of Col. Dent gives him immense power in the Council—that some members are mere puppets in his hands—that he can delude the simple, and dazzle with hope the ambitious—still it is absurd to suppose that so much plunder could be taken without sharing with some of those who aided the conspiracy inside of the Council. The bounty may grant his Captain's right to the larger share, but he demands and can exact some share of the spoils for himself.

The investigation showed that a large part of the profits to that wharf transaction disappeared presumably into the pockets of other members beside Col. Dent. Col. Dent and his outside partners sold the property to the city at an advance of over $20,000. They divided only about $24,000 among themselves. Over $6,000 of their money went into other men's pockets. Did those $6,000 buy twelve votes at $500 each, or six votes at $1,000 each, or three votes at $2,000 each? These are questions which we cannot answer. The majority of the Council possess the means of extorting from those who know a full answer to these questions. Can they use those means without cutting their own hands?

It makes no difference that some of Col Dent's majority were not members at the time of the wharf transaction. They re-elected him after the transaction was discovered. They joined his body-guard, and by doing their best to protect him from the clutches of the law they have become accessories after the fact and to that extent participants. The presumption is that they expect their reward in some way. If the profits of the wharf job are not to be re-divided among the new recruits in Dent's body-guard, the resolution they have adopted is at least a pledge that they will stand by each other and use their offices to countenance and protect each other in enterprises like that in which Col. Dent and his partners fleeced the tax-payers of $20,000.

What a boundless prospect of gain is spread out before these enterprising dealers in real estate! They hold the city's purse, and they award her contracts. No legal prosecution can be commenced to make a member disgorge his ill-earned plunder till they consent. Col. Dent's provost guard, in the most lawless days of the war, had less power to plunder the people of Louisville than that which is now wielded by his organized body guard in the City Council. The code of morality they have adopted for themselves leaves the tax-payer without any adequate protection in their official fidelity or public spirit. But even as the provost guard lives only in the memory of their oppression so will the body-guard be disbanded soon. The people know so much about the trading ring of the Council that they will have a legal investigation some day. If this Council refuses to act it on foot another Council will be elected composed of men who have nothing to hide, and who will not shackle the City Attorney with their resolutions.

☞ One of the most pleasant entertainments of the season will be the annual commencement exercises of Mrs. Nold's Louisville Female Seminary, which will be held at Masonic Temple to morrow evening. Aside from the attractiveness of the exhibition, the fact that the entire proceeds are to be devoted to the Ladies' Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home Society should cause the house to be crowded to its utmost capacity.

HON. GEO. M. ADAMS.—A gentleman who has been through a portion of the Eighth District informs us that the Democracy seem to be a unit in the advocacy of the re-election of their able and fearless representative, Geo. M. Adams. The Radicals may nominate an opponent to him, but the opposition will be merely nominal. Adams will get all the Democrats and divide the Radical vote.

☞ Father Ryan, at a dinner party in Chattanooga, was asked for an epitaph on Governor Brownlow, taking for granted he had departed this peaceful life. Father Ryan gave the following:

> Pause, gentle reader! lightly tread!
> Within this sacred dust is laid
> He lives in peace, since he is dead.
> But hell is in a fry.

CITY ITEMS.

☞ Mr. C. C. Spencer is now opening and arranging his elegant clocks, gilt and bronze flower stands, card receivers, and bronze figures, advertised to be sold at his auction rooms on Friday next. We are authorized to say that a finer stock of the above articles has never before been offered in this city. The entire stock will be sold, as the owner does not wish to take them to another market. They are all new and warranted, and families and dealers can supply themselves at this sale far below the wholesale cost at the manufactory. The stock can be examined this afternoon.

☞ This morning Mr. C. C. Spencer will sell the household furniture and fine piano at the Rt. Rev. Bishop Whitfield, at his residence adjoining St. Paul's church, corner of Walnut and Sixth streets. The ladies will, of course, be fully represented at this sale, not only to purchase valuable articles but also to secure a keepsake of their former beloved pastor.

Large Main Street Building Lot at Auction.

S. G. Henry & Co. will sell this afternoon (Thursday) at 4 o'clock, on the premises, northeast corner of Main and Fifteenth sts., a lot 90 feet front by 195 deep. Sale positive by order of a non-resident.

☞ "Elegant stock" summer clothing for men's, youth's, boys' and children's wear, furnishing goods, mitts, hosiery, underwear, &c., at J. M. Armstrong's, 182 Main street.

DR. LIEBICK'S CHILL CURE.—Quinine or arsenic, the principal ingredients of most chill remedies, may break the chills, but they will return. The only known remedy that makes a permanent cure is Dr. Liebick's Chill Cure. For sale by all druggists.

☞ The "pounce box" that shakespeare's fop applied to his nose when encumbered with the fumes of "villainous saltpetre" was out of place in the field, but our military heroes, returning from their victories, gratify them to a libation of Pinaud's "Night-Blooming Cereus" on their handkerchiefs adds a charm to the social reunions which welcome the advent of peace.—[Mount Vernon Banner.

The Memphis Tragedy—Statement of the Murderer.

The Memphis Appeal publishes the following statement, given by Llanehan, the murderer of Capt. Dwyre:

"I married my wife about three years ago, and lived very pleasantly with her on'll about two months since, when this man Dwyre come to board at my house. She was a widow when I married her, and had a son about twelve years old. With this boy Dwyre generally slept, and through him I learned of the first thing that led me to suspect that there was anything wrong between his mother and Dwyre. About six weeks ago I went out to Collierville to do a job of ditching, but when I got there, found it was given to some one else, and I returned to town that night. On going into the house I saw Dwyre lead my wife to room. I went in and accused her of acting wrong with him. She bitterly denied it, and we had a quarrel, and from that time on we had no peace in my own house. Dwyre bossed everybody and everything, and always went around with a repeater, so that I was afraid of my life.

"On Wednesday evening I went to the house with two friends of mine, and we had something to drink. On going into my wife's room suddenly I found Dwyre in there with her and as soon as he saw me he knocked me down and kicked me out of the room, calling me a ——, and saying he would kill me yet. My friends made me go to bed, and yesterday morning when I awoke I got to thinking about Dwyre's treatment of me, and I determined to kill him. I got right up and went to the yard and got the axe—a common old wood axe—and went first to my wife's room; he was not there, and then I went up to her son's room, where he generally slept.

"There I found him in bed with the boy, last night. I walked up to the bed and dealt him one blow with the edge of the ax, dry lug it into and splitting his skull open. He did not even groan. I drew the ax out, and stood by him a minute to see if he would move or breathe, but finding him dead, I laid the ax down, washed myself, put on a clean shirt and came down to deliver myself up to the police. The first one I met I delivered myself to him. On the road down I told a good many people what I had done. The policeman brought me here (Adams street station) and locked me up. That is all—the truth, and nothing but the truth. I killed him—am glad I did it, and would do it again for the same cause."

Llanehan is an Irishman, about forty years old, small in stature, with an honest, Irish face. His wife, he informs us, is also Irish, and of about the same age, or perhaps a little older. Dwyre, the murdered man, was a captain in the 15th Tennessee Regiment, C. S. A., and is represented as having been a very good soldier.

Among recent additions to the British Museum library are the following: An Arabic papyrus, dated A. H. 133 (A. D. 750) one of the earliest specimens of Arabic writing, a Hebrew service book of the fifteenth century, with grotesque initials, and a Coptic papyrus of the eight century.

YOUNG MCETTRICK of Boston Highlands, Mass., now training for the one hundred mile pedestrianship of New England, recently, on a wager that he could not cover eleven feet in a standing jump, leaped eleven feet seven inches, spirit level, carrying fifteen pound weights, the greatest jump ever made in that vicinity.

MARRIED.

BRANT—THAYER—At St. Michael's Church, by the Rev F. De M. Power, on Tuesday evening, June 9, 1868, at 8 o'clock, Mr. J. Louis BRANT to Miss CORNELIA THAYER, all of this city.

HARRISON—MORRIS—On the 9th inst., by the Rev Mr Wightman, at Corydon, Ind., Mr EDWARD HARRISON, of Corydon, to Miss WILLIE F. MORRIS, formerly of Louisville, Ky.

HOUSTON—DUNHAM—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 9th inst., by the Right Rev. P. M. Wheeler, Mr. WM. HOUSTON, of Virginia, to Miss MARY L., daughter of Capt. L. B. Dunham.

WILSON—THEXTON—On the 9th inst., by the Rev T. P. Thixton, Mr. L. K. WILSON to Miss ALICE THIXTON, all of this city.

☞ New Orleans, St. Louis and New York City papers please copy.

DR. JOHN THRUSTON

HAS removed his residence to the Mrs. Shepherd's, west side of Second, between Walnut and Chestnut, and his office is at one or other of these places he can be found, unless otherwise engaged. au17

REMOVAL.

J. GEORGE WOERNER,

DEALER in Foreign and Domestic Hardware and Cutlery, has removed to his southwest corner Market and Bismarck streets. ☞ Always on hand a complete assortment of mechanics' tools, belows &c. au16 d

Removal.

MILLAR & KAUP have removed their coal office to No. 32 Fourth street. Miller & Co's old stand. jn6 dtf

THE COURTS.

DECISION OF COURT OF APPEALS.

Reported expressly for the Louisville Courier-Journal by

JAN. A. HAWKINS,
Attorney at Law, Frankfort, Ky.

FRANKFORT, June 10, 1868.

Cases decided.

Commonwealth vs. Hunt et al., Gallatin. Affirmed.

Harrison & Bennett vs. Benson, Garrard, affirmed.

Best vs. Barnum, Garrard dismissed.

Field, Jr., vs. Parsons &c., Madison, reversed cause.

Young vs. [illegible], Christian, opinion adhered to, modified and petition for rehearing overruled.

Benge vs. Yates, Madison, opinion modified.

Lewis vs. Wright et al., Mercer, opinion adhered to, modified, and petition for rehearing overruled.

Lusk vs. Hopper, Trustee, Madison, petition for rehearing overruled.

Stewart vs. Hatly, Jefferson, petition for rehearing filed.

Swearingen vs. McGee et al., Boone, affidavit and petition for rehearing filed.

Bigsley & Co. vs. Dillehunt & Son, Jefferson, copy of judgment and order granting appeal filed and appeal dismissed.

Rutherford's heirs vs. Clark's heirs, Lincoln, petition for rehearing filed.

Southmayd vs. Myers, Lincoln, motion for a rule against appellant to give security for cost.

Hendren vs. Anderson et al., Harrison, reply to petition for rehearing filed.

Bottom, &c., vs. Williamson Boyle, Bottom et al. vs. Caldwell, trustee, &c. Boyle; Engleman et al. vs. McLaren et al. Boyle; Chandler vs. Rowes administrator, Boyle; House vs. Bright & Engleman, Lincoln; Curry vs. McKinney, Mason, submitted on briefs.

Beasley vs. Mershon & Gossard, argued by W. O. Bradley, Esq., and R. M. Bradley, Esq., for appellant, and submitted.

Suit on Attachment Bond Obligors to Such Bond Held Liable for Damages Sustained by Reason of the Attachment and Not for Cost Occurred in Defending Cause of Action Different from that Sued upon Said Attachment.

RENDERED, MAY 29, 1868.

Thos Johnson, &c. } From the Montgomery
vs. } Circuit Court. Affirmed
Farmers' Bank of Ky. } by
WILLIAMS, Judge. Chief Justice PETERS not Sitting in the Case.

Statement of the Case.—The Branch of the Bank of Mount Sterling having been robbed of some $60,000 by a band of Confederate's or others, and the appellant being an officer in command of a portion of the forces which captured Mount Sterling, though, being absent, was not in at all connected, but was with the expedition, when some portion of it committed the robbery, the bank sued him therefor, and under statute of 27 February 1866 obtained an attachment, on the allegation that he was a resident of Montgomery county, but had left his residence and joined the Confederate military forces and had levied upon his land there under like attachment by others.

Appellant denied his responsibility for the robbery, but did not deny the specific causes of attachment.

After the decision of Witherspoon vs. Farmers' Bank (1 Duvall 198), the bank dismissed her action and appellant brought suit on the attachment bond and to recover his expenditures in procuring counter evidence, and for his time and trouble in defending said action.

The suit on none of the bond are "We undertake that the plaintiff, Farmers' Bank of Kentucky shall pay to the defendant, Thomas Johnson, the *damages not exceeding* $120, which he may sustain by reason of the attachment in this action, *if the order therefor is wrongfully obtained.*"

The jury, under peremptory instructions, found for plaintiff.

Held—That all the costs, expenses and trouble of appellant in the first suit were in defending the cause of action, and not the causes of attachment, and there was no covenant, as in S. B. Mon. 91, to pay *all costs* and damages, and hence, as held in Tarver vs. McCracken, M. S. supra, summer term, 1854, 14 B. Mon 494 and 4 Met. 24, "if the whole costs arose upon the defense to the action, then they are not recoverable upon the attachment bond, but if incurred in the resisting the causes of attachment alone, then they are recoverable, but it, as is often the case, the two are interwined partly in defending the causes of action and partly in defending the causes of attachment, they are recoverable to the extent of the attachment, and expended in the defense."

In this case the expenses would have been precisely the same had there been no attachment.

This case is not analogous to a case of malicious suit and attachment, in which damages are recovered upon wait of protection for the action, which being made out, the damages are commensurate with the injury.

It is said like this, on a bond stipulating to pay damages for the wrong in the out of the attachment, *"not exceeding* $100," the appellant certainly cannot recover attorney's fee of $1,000 and expenses of $300, as laid in his petition, as he might have done in an action for malicious suit and attachment, upon making out his case, instead, as appellant's land had certainly been attached for claims amounting to $35,000 to $40,000, and the evidence does not know that the bank in any manner united him from possession by its levy. Therefore, therefore, no cause of action by reason the trial, wherefore the judgment is affirmed.

Grounds for New Trial Waived unless made in Writing—Carrying Concealed Weapons—"In Case an Attack Two Years before"—Evidence—Party may not Judge of Propriety of Carrying Pistol upon Occasion—Instruction Construed and Blindly Objected.

RENDERED, JUNE 2d, 1868.

Robert Hopkins, } From the Gallatin Circuit
vs. } Court. Affirmed.
The Commonwealth }

ROBERTSON, JUDGE.

Held, 1. That the Code requires all grounds relied on for a new trial to be specified in writing consequently no error not so stated could be noticed by the Circuit Court, and all such not presented objection must be treated as waived by that Court, and are necessarily beyond the power of this Court to review. (Jurisdiction, C. C. Code Sec. 372.)

2. In an indictment for carrying concealed and deadly weapons, proof that accused had threatened that as by strangers *two years before* and that for precautionary security to self-defense against a like attack he had carried a pistol ever since, is sufficient justification.

3. On the trial of such indictment the instruction that "if the jury believe from the evidence that the defendant within one year before the finding of the indictment carried a pistol concealed on or about his person, and has not a reasonable ground to believe, and did not believe, that his person was in danger of great bodily harm, they should punish him by a fine not less than fifty dollars, nor more than a hundred," is more favorable to accused than he has a right to demand. A man may not judge for himself the necessity and propriety of carrying concealed a deadly weapon for self-defense, nor justify on his own judgment. A statute so peremptory and so often and easily evaded, should be enforced by speedy and stringent exercise of the judgment, and to that end the accused should always be required to prove that he carried a concealed weapon only for the purpose of defending himself, or property against or from threatened or reasonably apprehended and which, attorney would justify the law in some such manner of defense, hence the words "and did not believe," are more favorable than accused had a right to demand or expect.

Judgment affirmed

Sale of Lands for Life, with Remainder to Pay Construction of Chap. 86, Rev. Stats. and Act of 6th Feb. 1865, Amendatory Thereof Illustrated. Reserves a sale under Art. 3, Chap. 86, and a Sale is Reserved.

DECIDED JUNE 4, 1868.

Pendle Peal } From the Campbell Circuit
vs. } Court. Affirmed
G. M. Peal and wife }

PETERS, CHIEF JUSTICE.

May 1, 1866, Pual, under the deed of Wm Peal to herself and others, took a life estate in the property conveyed remainder to the issues of the body of said Peal, begotten or to be begotten by G. M. Peal, surviving her. (2 vol Rob Dig Rev Stat. p 18, chap. 86.)

By act approved 16th February, 1866, entitled "An act to amend chapter 86 of the Revised Statutes," it is provided that a sale may be had on the estate conveyed by Mr. Peal to Mr. Peal and others as a remainder, and that the chancellor or other court of competent jurisdiction for the purpose of reinvesting the premises under the order of such court, in other property, to be held in the same manner and for the same uses and trusts.

The amendment was intended, and does in fact authorize different proceedings for the sale of estates thus held, from those provided for in Chapter 86, for the sale of lands over which the proceedings are the same under this enactment, whether the remainder over are infants or adults. It formerly were required to remainder under the deed, of course, defend by guardian, *ad litem*, but the chancellor in those in remainder are regularly guarded and protected by the statute, whether they be infants or adults (2 Stan Rev Stat., 516.)

Proceedings under article 3, chapter 86, R. S. 204, are for the purpose of obtaining a sale of infants' real estate, and the conversion of the money to go into the hands of a guardian whereby the estate of the property is changed, and the risk and danger of loss increased; in such proceedings, therefore, of the requirements of the statute authorizing such sales or reinvesting proper for the protection of the rights of infants. But when the sale is made for the purpose of reinvesting the proceeds in other real estate and not to pass to the hands of guardians, the reasons for the requirements of article 3 chapter 86 cease. And as all the requirements of the act of 16th February, 1866, supra, appear to have been complied with, and the reinvestment of the proceeds made no error to be perceived in the judgment, wherefore the same is affirmed.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. O. CRAIG, PRESIDING JUDGE.

WEDNESDAY, June 10, 1868.

Timothy Knebler, assault and battery on Fred J. Ulmer, contempted.

Wilson Gore (a) drunk and disorderly, fined $3, and held in $100 bond for fifteen days.

Wm Hanley, peace warrant, dismissed.

Frank Bell, (colored), carrying pistol, fined $20 and $200 bond for two months.

Felix Williams, drunk and disorderly, $3 and $10 for two months.

Unknown Negro, same, discharged.

Jacob Goode, with disorderly conduct, continued.

Wm Rogers, carrying concealed a deadly weapon, $100 to answer.

Wm Nelson, petit warrant, held in $100 for three months.

Mary Ing, petit warrant, held in $100 for three months.

Robert Payne, fugitive from justice, committed to await a requisition from the Governor of this state.

A F Hilliard, stealing horse, continued until Friday.

Andy Kaukal, assault and battery, $100 to answer.

Thos Dick, stealing $15 and some jewelry from Sol West, continued.

P. H. E. Hertz, selling over $4 from L. Kahnweiler, held in $1,000 to answer.

Gottlieb Blockner, assault and battery, $200 to answer.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

HON. HENRY POLLARD, JUDGE

DISTRICT COURT.

Stephen V. J. Trabue vs. same, ordered to the bar.

United States vs. John H. Dawson, on a rule on R. M. Kelly to be summoned.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Wm Tilford Nolen vs. Kentucky Lead Company. By consent remanded to Circuit Court.

United States vs. T. T. Pendleton. Argument concluded; verdict guilty.

John W. Randolph & Co. vs. Lucas, &c., injunction in two cases filed.

United States vs. Glover & Meredith, claim of R. M. Kelley to be taken and filed.

E. H. Hardesty & Co. & Virginia, Hardesty and Patrick, Factory vs. M. T. Smith, same.

United States vs. James Logan and Wm Lyon, Verdict not guilty.

J. M. Vedder vs. Sam H. Boyd, Demurrer to exceptions to depositions.

John H. Parrent, of Paducah, Ky., was appointed a United States Commissioner.

BANKRUPTCY.

No petitions for adjudication in bankruptcy were filed on yesterday.

The following discharges were granted:

Albert Burgess of Madison county.

Joseph W. Moore, of Madison county.

Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Louisville Female Seminary, for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of Mrs. Wm. Nold, in the Masonic Temple, on Monday, June 15th, at 4 o'clock p. m. Proceeds of the Commencement Exercises to be devoted to the Ladies' Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home Society.

☞ It is desired to be obtained by Mr. Joseph E. Davidson, of the Louisville Female Seminary, a copy of the Courier-Journal of Wednesday, June 3, containing the notice of the Commencement Exercises of the Seminary. Any one who can supply the paper will confer a favor by sending it to the office of the Seminary. jn10 2t

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AMERICA AGAINST ENGLAND!

American Company Toilet Soaps.

CASTILE, OLIVE, BOUQUET, AND PALM.

These popular soaps are made from the choicest materials, and are unsurpassed for purity and delicacy. They are recommended by the Faculty as the best for the delicate skin of infants. Manufactured by the American Soap Company, Nos. 1 and 2 Front street, Philadelphia, 38 Barclay st., New York.

MEETINGS.

Masonic Notice.

THE members of Abraham Lodge No. 8 are hereby notified to meet at the Hall on Fourth street, between Main and Market, this (Thursday) evening, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the M. M. degree. By order of the W. M.

JAMES M. HUNTER, Secretary.

EDUCATIONAL

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE

A MILITARY SCHOOL OF CHARACTER.

Col. R. T. P. Allen, Superintendent.

ASSISTED BY AN ABLE FACULTY.

THE next school year of this Institute will commence on the first Monday in September, and close on the last Thursday in June. Commencement week will be observed as heretofore. Catalogues containing full information, address the Superintendent, Frankfort, Ky. my28 dtf

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LOUISVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.

MONDAY, SEPT. 7, 1868.

Circulars may be obtained at the office of the Courier-Journal. jn9 dtf

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THE MALE AND FEMALE HIGH SCHOOLS.

A

The Annual Commencement

AT

CECILIAN COLLEGE,

WILL take place on Friday, the 12th inst. The

BEHOLD THE ORMSBY HOUSE!

THE

SPECIAL NOTICES!

EARLY MARRIAGES.

Dr. Prentiss advocated early marriages. Sensible men and women, who are single, embrace being a necessity. DR. PRENTISS, of the Louisville Medical Institute, has published a book for young men, entitled "Early Marriages," which should be read by all who contemplate matrimony. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. PRENTISS, Louisville, Ky. my28 dtf

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Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Louisville Female Seminary, for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of Mrs. Wm. Nold, in the Masonic Temple, on Monday, June 15th, at 4 o'clock p. m. Proceeds of the Commencement Exercises to be devoted to the Ladies' Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home Society.

☞ It is desired to be obtained by Mr. Joseph E. Davidson, of the Louisville Female Seminary, a copy of the Courier-Journal of Wednesday, June 3, containing the notice of the Commencement Exercises of the Seminary. Any one who can supply the paper will confer a favor by sending it to the office of the Seminary. jn10 2t

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LOCAL NOTICES.

☞ Messrs. Wharton, Foster & Co. will commence the large sale of furniture comprising the stock and the Louisville Furniture Manufacturing Company, this morning at 10 o'clock, on the corner of Ninth and Jefferson streets. The owners intend to one of unusual interest and further, and embrace new, elegant and costly styles, also in the commence of the season will be sold as low prices and well made cottage furniture. Dealers and housekeepers should be on hand to secure bargains.

Kinsella & Haydon

are now open in their new Dry Goods House, on Main street between Fourth and Fifth. They have a large and very attractive stock of all kinds of seasonable Dry Goods, which they are selling at the very lowest market prices. They respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. jn6 dtf

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National Democratic Convention.

The Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis Railroad Company will issue half fare tickets to Delegates and others wishing to attend the Democratic convention, commencing on the 3d inst. to New York on basis of Daily Tickets. Excursion fare one and one good from June 30th to July 6th going, and from July 6th to July 8th returning. For sale at the General Railroad Ticket Office, southwest corner Third and Main streets, also at No. 320 Main, and corner Center and Jefferson streets.

Bi-Partial Billiards!

There will be a match game of billiards at the marble Hall Billiard Room, between Alex. McClurken and Martin Schumacher this Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. The game to be 500 points up; discount. The return game will be played at the International Billiard Room on next Monday evening. June 15, at 8 o'clock.

☞ Fresh arrival of choice dress goods, silks, poplins, grenadines, Irish linen of the finest quality, hosiery, &c., at Trade Palace, corner Fourth and Jefferson. The present stock must be closed out at cost. jn6 dtf

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Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Catarrh.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Sick Headache.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Dyspepsia.

FRENCH CHINA & QUEENSWARE.

Also silver plated goods and glassware less than cost.

Having determined to close our business here, we hereby offer our large stock of china, queensware, plated goods, knives and forks, &c., &c., regardless of cost.

Call and learn prices.

S. & H. SATHAN,

119 & 121 Fourth street, bet. Market and Jefferson. jn1 dtf

☞ Reduction of rates: first class, $4 to second class, $3 50; third class, $3; fourth class, 92c. The above summer rates on western bound freights by the Great Western Despatch are now in effect June 1, 1868. J. S. PHILLIPS, Agent. Jn10

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Torpid Liver.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Consumption

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters as a Reliable Tonic.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Chills.

At Lucas' saloon

can be found a new importation just received of the purest and best brandy, gin and wines to be had in the city. Nothing but the finest and best liquors at all hours can be found in Lucas' saloon. Superior ale and beer always on hand. Lunch every morning, 9 and 2 and after jn6 dtf

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☞ The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have used it can take no other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Sold by all druggists. nov18 d&w1 year

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CARPETS LESS THAN COST.

Having determined to close my business here within the next sixty days, I hereby offer my large stock of carpets, oil cloths, &c., &c., regardless of cost. It being my intention to remove from the city, the above offer is made in good faith. Call and learn prices.

C. FRANK, 77 1-2 Fourth st.

jn4 dtf

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Sick Headache.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Bronchitis.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Typhoid Fever.

☞ Persons desiring to loan money for short periods, months, or indefinitely, will do well to call on S. Rothenberg, broker and exchange dealer, No. 34 Main street, between Second and Third.

my 1 2m

Money Loaned on Collateral Security.

Ladies and gentlemen wishing to borrow money for a few days or weeks, will consult their own interest by calling at the store Bonds, bonds, jewelry, silverware, or any other valuables taken as security. Business low, confidential, and satisfactory. by L. HAAS, Ag't., No. 116 Third street, next door to Moore & Co's flower stable. Remember!

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Indigestion.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for Kidney Diseases.

Use Walker's Tonic Bitters when well to keep well.

☞ Householders' attention is called to an advertisement in another column, for domestic vocalist &c. without any professional odor. jn6 dtf

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NOTICES.

Notice.

Notice.

Cheap Reading for the Million.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

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WANTED.

WANTED—2 cash girls, 1 check clerk, 1 teamster to ride, 2 men with a team, 2 for saw mill, 2 for brick yard, 2 for cotton yard, 2 for sugar house. Also a mistake for book-keeping, 7 salesmen, 1 barber, 2 boys, 6 others to learn trades. Apply to the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 129 Jefferson street. jy11 d3*

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young lady who has a Music Store & Piano for sale, as she is entirely competent to do first-class work in it. Would accept an engagement either in a private family or as clerk in a store. Address Miss G. C., care Courier Office. jy11 d3*

WANTED—A MILLMAN that is accustomed with the rural retails and sawing to hands. To one who can command trade, a permanent job can be had. Apply to W B LAWRENCE, 139 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. jy10 d3*

WANTED 200 GIRLS—The next may be yours, if suitable to call at once. A seated and proper name, housegirl, &c., is to call yourself and select one from the number. Apply at the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT and LABOR EXCHANGE, 129 Jefferson street, near Fourth. MILLER & CO., superintendents. ap21 dtf

WANTED—INFORMATION—Of Wm. Hearn Perkerson, who left New Albany one year ago last April. He is very anxious to hear from him, and his address is E. PARKER PERKERSON, New Albany, Ind., will be thankfully received. There are letters and money waiting his return home. jy9 dtw3*

WANTED—SAWMILL—To saw a parcel of 200 acres of land, consisting entirely of poplar and oak, the balance of the timber, such as walnut, locust, &c., hickory has been removed for some time. Any one wishing to contract for the same will please call on the undersigned, on Main street, 5 miles from Brandenburg, on Ohio river. R. CHRISTMAS. jy1 dcod 1m

WANTED—A PARTNER—With from $10,000 to $20,000 required to engage in a lucrative, profitable business, and to which he can devote his time to learn it. Address A. B. Courier Office. jan4 eod3m

WANTED—MEN—To advise man with $400 cash to create a safe interest in a respectable business, nearly established, and to be a net profit of $1,200 a year. This can be met in the business. Address A. W. C., Louisville Postoffice, with real name and address. jy9 3t

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER—Inquire at No. 330 Fourth street, between Broadway and Jefferson. jy9 3t*

WANTED—SALESMEN. Two sale men for the city, and two to go to the country. Call at once and be assisted. None but first-class salesmen need apply. Call at No. 145 West Market street, up stairs. jy9 3t

WANTED—PLACE AS A WET NURSE—A young and healthy woman desires a situation as wet nurse. Apply at the residence of JOHN C. WEBB, Esq., Cedar Hall. jy9 d3*

WANTED—SITUATION—As book-keeper. Address "BOOKKEEPER & VAN PELT, Louisville, Ky." jy7 d1w*

WANTED—MONEY TO LOAN. $5,000 entrusted to me to loan on first notes. Money loaned for others is of equal interest as my own. Inquire at my law office, No. 5 Court Place. JNO McCARTHY. jun2 d3m

WANTED—Persons in city or country desiring to dispose of lots, houses, or real estate, or tenants who are in want of houses, can be accommodated on short notice by application at the Louisville Employment Agency, 129 Fifth street.

Persons in want of employment, whether as clerks, salesmen, laborers, mechanics, or any other capacity, can find homes and good wages by applying at the same place. ap5-6m

WANTED—TO BUY REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES—For which cash will be paid. Apply at the Law Office, No. 11 Centre street, Wright Block, No. 3. MYRICK.

WANTED—TO SELL—Houses and lots, all on hand.

Wanted, to rent, cottages and two-story houses.

Wanted, to sell, coal and timber lands on Kentucky river. Will exchange for part city property.

apr1 dtf 159 Jefferson, north of Fifth.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR GIRLS—Persons wishing to employ good female help, can be accommodated at once by calling at the Louisville Employment Agency, 161 Fifth street.

WANTED—HOUSE—A good dwelling house, within three squares of the Nashville depot, for which a liberal rent will be paid. Inquire at North Cross Yard. R. H. DURALLISHAW. mh19 dtf

WANTED—PARTNER—With $1,500, in a retail business good current cash business, and well established. Address, with name and where an interview can be had, C. D. K., Louisville Postoffice. mh30 d1*

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY &c., &c.—I have for sale a lot of fine Gold Watches, Diamond Rings, Ear-rings, Pearl Pins, Silverware &c. Also a lot of Jewelry, Watches, &c., left in pawn for more than one year, which will be sold low. Call at No. 5 Court Place. JNO McCARTHY. jun2 d3m

FOR SALE—CHEAP—New clothing, top buggy and city make. Inquire of Major E. HARRIS, No. 95 Main street. jy11 d3*

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS AND SUBURBAN PROPERTY by C. H. BARCLAY, No. 111 Centre street, bet. Jefferson and Green. jy11 d3*

FOR SALE—LOT—Cheap and on long time, a two-story frame dwelling house, No. 1,185 Jefferson street, between Preston and Brook. Apply to J. U. SHAFFER & CO., 79 Jefferson street. jy10 d3

FOR SALE—ROCKAWAY AND HARNESS—A new rockaway and harness made to order by Waterfall & Co., Fayetteville, Tenn., for sale cheap. Apply to Mrs. G. B. Lytle, on Walnut below Eight street, or WILLIS RANNEY, Postoffice. jy6 d1*

FOR SALE—GROUND—25 acres of ground in the suburbs of Louisville, on the Shelbyville road. For view, said to be one of the most desirable parts for residences. Apply to R. RAULAGE, 99 Fifth street, between Jefferson and Market. jy6 d1*

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A first-class and well-established Drug Store, in a good location, doing a good business. Apply to or address Mr. PETTIT, or R. A. Burnam & Co's., Louisville. may13 d1f

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—A beautiful two story brick and frost house, with all the modern improvements and conveniences, gas, water, cellar, grate and mantels, and a large and well-selected assortment of choice fruits. For further particulars apply to WM. CRAWFORD, at Dorn, Buchanan & Co., Main Street, or DR. CLARK, at Shippingport Foundery, corner 9th and Main. may 2 d1f

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The double two-story brick dwelling house, No. 1,000 Second street, between Chestnut and Breckinridge; contains nine rooms, with water, cellar, stable, carriage-house, coal-house, &c. Has been lately repaired, and is in good condition. Possession can be had early. Apply to KARN & WOLF, No. 270 Main street, north of Seventh and Eighth. jy1 d1f

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—LAND—For Louisville property. 25 acres of rural land, in suburban limits of Portland, on the Portland Canal. Co's bottom. Terms to suit. Address A. B. C., Courier Office. jan4 eod3m

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE FARM—Containing 200 acres, situated on the Ohio river, 5 miles below Brandenburg, Meade county, Ky. Will be sold low and on easy terms. For further information address or apply to JAMES A. MEDDIS, 130 West Main street, up stairs, Louisville, Ky. jy7 d1w

FOR SALE—FIVE COTTAGES—In Seventh street, near Broadway, at from 2 feet front by 90 feet deep, to 40 feet front by 90 feet deep. Also, two 2-story brick houses, 5 rooms, pantry, cistern, cellar, and coal house. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 139 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. jy9 d1f

FOR SALE—BRICK AND LOT—One two-story brick dwelling house, on Walnut street, between Preston and Brook. For part cash—apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 139 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my2 d1f

FOR SALE—4 STABLES—4 brick cottages on High street, in Portland. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 139 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my2 d1f

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE—40x195 feet to 30-foot alley, on the north side of Main, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets.

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Each lot on the north side of Broadway, between Hancock and Clark streets.

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House, on the north side of Green, between Floyd and Preston.

House and lot on the north side of Breckinridge, between Third and Fourth streets.

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FOR SALE—DWELLING—A large two-story dwelling on the south side of High street, between Third and Fourth, with all the modern conveniences, kitchen, servants' rooms, and large stable in rear, with other improvements almost new. For lovely situation, having a fine view of the magnificent river scenery, completeness and comfort of arrangement, this property is unsurpassed, situated 600 feet east of its southern abutment of the contemplated new river bridge, and must prove a profitable investment.

If the property is not sold on the 25th day of June, it will be sold at public auction. For terms apply to or address, Register of Land Office, MAJ. P. WHALEY, or Gen. GRANT, or Mr. Merchants' Bank Building, or at the Land Office, Washington, state of Ohio, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. my22 d1f

FOR SALE—MY RESIDENCE—Broadway, between First and Second streets, No. 116. Has seven rooms, kitchen, cellar, cistern, stable, carriage and coal house. Lot 50 feet front by 210 feet deep. Possession given if desired. Apply to W. B. HOKE office of Earle & Hoke. my11 d1f

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—1 Prestory frame house and lot, on the northeast corner of Thirteenth and Fourth-east, south side; house contains 6 rooms and kitchen, coal house and stable, cistern and well; also, one small lot in rear, fronting 16 feet on Kentucky street. Apply to R. RAULAGE, 99 Fifth street, between Jefferson and Main. my11 d1f

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Each lot on the north side of Broadway, between Hancock and Clark streets.

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If the property is not sold on the 25th day of June, it will be sold at public auction. For terms apply to or address, Register of Land Office, MAJ. P. WHALEY, or Gen. GRANT, or Mr. Merchants' Bank Building, or at the Land Office, Washington, state of Ohio, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth. my22 d1f

FOR SALE—LOT—On the southeast corner of Main and Preston streets, 60 feet front by 120 feet deep to alley. Apply to or address DEMOTTE & JOUETT, Attorneys at Law and Agents. jy9 d3*

FOR SALE—BUILDING—A nice residence on Chestnut street, between Second and Third. Apply to or address Mr. PETTIT, or R. A. Burnam & Co's., Louisville. may13 d1f

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FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE—The store on the corner of Main and Preston streets, now occupied by Mr. Wm. Hall. Possession given on the 1st of August next. Apply to JOHN HANCOCK, Agent, 139 Jefferson street. jy11 d3*

FOR RENT—ROOMS—To let two rooms on the 3d floor of the building on the corner of Main and Preston streets, now occupied by Mr. Wm. Hall. Possession given on the 1st of August next. Apply to JOHN HANCOCK, Agent, 139 Jefferson street. jy11 d3*

FOR RENT—STORE—

DAILY COURIER.

TUESDAY MORNING, - - JUNE 11, 1868.

Courier's Specials.

WASHINGTON.

Alleged Corruption to be Investigated by the Senate.

RADICAL GOVERNORS ZEALOUS FOR CONVICTION.

Tax Bill Not to Pass This Session.

Woolley to be Examined To-day.

Pressure for the Removal of McCulloch.

Groesbeck Tendered the Treasury Department.

PROPOSED CABINET CHANGES.

Forthcoming Amnesty Proclamation

Chase Movement Purely Sensational.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Senate committee on the bribery of Senators will examine witnesses to morrow. They dislain making a thorough investigation, and will call for all the evidence offered by the managers of the House. It will appear in evidence that several Radical Governors were active in attempting to secure conviction.

THE VAX BILL.

The vote taken in the House on the postponement of the tax bill is considered a test. The result determines a protracted session, and the impression now prevails that the House friends of the whiskey ring, hoping the bill cannot possibly pass, will refuse special legislation to whiskey and tobacco, so all will fall together as the Senate will not consider the tax bill this session. The whiskey ring has strong friends in Congress.

WOOLLEY

Mr Eldridge end several others try to get in a resolution to-day requiring the managers to allow Woolley to purge himself of contempt and be released, but the Radicals would not allow it. Better for him and the witness should be examined to-morrow

THE MANAGERS.

Several witnesses were before the managers to-day, among them Postmaster General Randall.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

You were advised some days since of the great pressure to remove McCulloch. The President has tendered the position to Mr. Groesbeck, who has the matter under advisement.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

The President will send in a communication for Commissioner of Internal Revenue during the week.

RULING ON THE HABEAS.

After Butler's retort to-day when the House refused to postpone the tax bill, he was outspoken and violent against the course of the majority. He said their duty now was to prepare for the political canvass, get Southern States in and fix up the rank kind of tricks to win. The tax bill was of filling importance compared therewith.

CABINET CHANGES.

The President is certainly considering the suggestion of friends who urge Cabinet changes. It made at all, it will be consummated before the 4th of July

AMNESTY.

There are good reasons to hope for an amnesty proclamation before the 4th of July.

AD INTERIM OFFICERS

are the order of the day. A Mayor of the District is to be appointed by the conservative Council.

THE CHASE MOVEMENT.

The Chase movement is purely sensational, and the bubble will soon be pricked.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

CAIRO, June 10.

River rose six inches.

Weather cool.

Business dull.

Departure of Cairo and Ohio Branch

Dawn—Lee, Hyatt, Simpson Horner, America, Tacony, Tarascon, Anna, St. Louis, and Cincinnati.

The Lee and America were fully laden. The Hyatt has a few of rocks, and the Olive Branch had cattle for Cairo and a good St. Louis trip.

The Albert broke her largest chain on a snag at Birds' Point, but recovered it, and went on down the river and will lay below

EVANSVILLE, June 10

Weather fine

River falling 7 inches.

It is rumored that the New Orleans, war the only arrival outside of the packets.

NASHVILLE, June 10.

River falling 7 inches on Harpeth shoals

Weather dry and warm.

In Port—Alpha, A. Baker, Talisman.

CINCINNATI, June 10.

Weather clear and pleasant.

River falling 6 feet and rising

MEMPHIS, June 10.

Weather cloudy and cool.

River falling steadily.

In port—Memphis, St. Louis, Richmond, with a large passenger trip. Louisville, Cora B, Arkansas river.

In Port—Marble City.

ST. LOUIS, June 10.

Arrived—Shamrock, from Cincinnati; Lonoke, from Pittsburg; W. J. Lewis, from Omaha City Chance and Belle, from Keokuk.

Departed—Commonwealth for New Orleans; Rover above Alexandria. The upper Mississippi is again falling at Dubuque. The Missouri is unchanged.

Weather clear and cool.

CINCINNATI, June 10

River fell 6 inches during the last 24 hours, with 13 feet in the channel and 30 feet under the Covington bridge for passing steamers.

Weather clear and pleasant. They Total 6 P. M. The St Mary's from Pittsburg, Cora B, Arkansas from Marietta, are the only arrivals outside of the packets.

The departures include the Fleetwood, Parkersburg; Madison and Louisville packets, Allegheny, Nos 4 and Robb for Evansville, all with moderate trips.

CAIRO, Ill., June 9 1868

Port list—City of Cairoapassed at 2 a. m. Robt. E. Lee down at 4 a. m. Hyatt, Smithland to Memphis, 6 a. m. Samson Horner down at 10 a. m. America, Pittsburg to St. Louis, 12 m. Anna, St. Louis to Cincinnati, 1 p. m.; Tacony, St. Louis to Tennessee river, 4 p. m. Olive Branch up at 4 P. M.

Weather clear and cool.

River rose 1 inch.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Financial Condition of the City—Steamer to be Sold—Death of the United States District Attorney—Efforts to Complete the Pacific Railroad—Suit for the Destruction of a Newspaper by a Mob.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—The Pacific Mail steamer New York sailed for Yokohoma July 21, connecting with the Great Republic for Hong Kong and Shanghai.

The commissioners of San Francisco funded debt reports a large surplus on hand, and a credit on this year's operations of nearly $150,000.

The steamer California, the first that ever entered this port, is advertised for sale at Benicia.

Col. Wing, former member of Congress from Alabama, and United States District Attorney in California, died in San Francisco to day

Great exertions are being put forth for the completion of the Pacific railroad to Salt Lake, in advance of the usual time. Large trains are being transported by the Indians, and arrivals via Cape Horn are noted every week.

Nevada papers report several murders and robberies in that State by Indians during the past few weeks.

A suit has been commenced against the city of San Francisco for $50 000 damage for the destruction of the Evening Bulletin newspaper by a mob on the day after Lincoln's assassination.

The New Jersey Democratic Convention.

TRENTON, June 10.—There was a large attendance at the State Democratic Convention and a great enthusiasm. Hon. J. C. Bayard, of Gloucester, was appointed temporary Chairman, and a committee on rules, organization and resolutions was appointed.

At the afternoon session, Col. Wm. C Alexander was chosen permanent President, and resolutions were adopted expressing devotion to the Constitution with all its limitations of powers of Federal government; that the suffrage question belongs to the States, and any legislation thereon by Congress is an infringement of their reserved rights; casting the Republican party with a new violation of the rights of States and individuals, and most flagrant acts of tyranny and corruption; opposes all forms of repudiation of the national indebtedness; expresses gratitude to the soldiers and sailors; pledge support to the nominees of the National Convention, and would feel honored by the nomination of Joel Parker, Jr., for the Presidency.

A full list of delegates was selected, including N O Keen, J R Wartzendike, Richard F Stevens and Francis S. Lathrop.

MEXICO.

Garcia Declared Governor of Tamaulipas—Civil War Imminent—Santa Anna Ready to Take the Field.

BROWNSVILLE, June 10.—Garcia is declared Constitutional Governor of Tamaulipas by order of Juarez. The national troops at Matamoras are said to be in favor of Garcia, and civil war is imminent.

The city council of Seguillo, and all liberal soldiers on duty, were captured and murdered by bandits.

Santa Anna is at Brownsville and has purchased 400 horses with equipments and rifles. He says are fully prepared to take the field and will strike Bagdad by the 15th.

There is much excitement at Brownsville and Matamoras. Some Americans are joining the Santa Anna movement.

40th CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.....WASHINGTON, June 10.

The CHAIR submitted a communication from the Secretary of the Interior inclosing the opinion of General Sherman as one of the Indian Commissioners, that immediate action should be taken in the matter of the Sioux and Nevada Indians. Referred.

The bill amending the act for carrying the mails between the United States and foreign ports which rescinds the prepayment of letter postage or news papers between States and territories east of Kansas, except when sent from the publication office, was passed after some debate.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill for the organization, government and payment of the army. Referred to the Committee on Military affairs.

Mr MORRILL, of Maine, from the committee of conference on the navy appropriation bill, made a report recommending concurrence in the provision that civil engineers and storekeepers of the several navy-yards be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and that master mechanics be appointed by heads of departments from civil life and not from the navy.

The committee recommend other important amendments.

The report was concurred in.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the special order, the bill to admit North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama to representation in Congress, was taken up.

The question was on the amendment of Mr. Sherman to strike out the additional fundamental conditions imposed on Georgia, of striking from her constitution the provision preventing the enlargement of contracts made prior to June, 1865.

Mr WILLIAMS spoke in favor of the amendment.

Messrs Howard and Conkling followed, arguing that the clause of the Georgia constitution is unconstitutional and void.

Mr HOWE supported the position, and Mr. Morton opposed it.

After further discussion, a vote was taken on the amendment, and it was rejected—Yeas 11 Nays—Messrs. Cameron, Ferry, Howe, Ramsey, Sherman, Thayer, Williams and Wilson.

Mr WILLIAMS moved to strike out the provision just under debate, and insert the words that no person of the 13th section of the 5th article of the Constitution of Georgia as suspends the collection of debts contracted before June 1, 1865, shall be void as against all persons who were loyal during the late rebellion, and who during that time supported the Union.

After opposition by Messrs. Morton and Conkling, the amendment was rejected without division.

Mr TRUMBULL offered some verbal amendmental which were agreed to.

Mr WILLIAMS moved to amend the third section by inserting the following: "and thereupon the State shall be entitled to be duly elected and qualified under the Constitution shall be inaugurated without delay but no person prohibited from holding office under the United States or by any State by section three of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States known as article 14th shall be deemed eligible to any office in either of said States."

Mr EDMUNDS and others opposed the latter clause of the amendment on the ground that it forestalls the fourteenth amendment as to representation. Congress cannot dictate who shall be its officers.

After considerable debate, Mr. Edmunds asked for a division of the question on the amendment, and the question being taken on the first part, it was agreed to as follows.

YEAS—Messrs. Cameron, Chandler, Cragin, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Edmunds, Howard, Morrill, of Maine, Morrill, of Vermont, Morton, Nye, Patterson, o. Tennessee, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Williams, Wilson, and Yates—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Bayard, Buckalew, Cole, Conkling, Davis, Edmunds, Fowler, Harlan, Hendricks, McCreery, Morgan, Patterson, of New Jersey, Saulsbury, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers, and Willey—13.

The second part was agreed to by nearly the same vote, 26 to 13.

Mr DRAKE moved to amend by striking out the provision forbidding any future abridgement of the elective franchise, and inserting a provision for the disqualification of Arkansas bill. He explained that a conference committee having already settled upon the latter, it was desirable that all the constitutions shall be the same. Amendment was agreed to without division.

The substitute of the Judiciary Committee was then adopted as amended, and the question being on the bill as amended

Mr TRUMBULL moved to strike out the word Alabama.

After debate Mr. Conkling moved to add the following: "And the State of Alabama shall be admitted to representation only upon this further fundamental condition that section 20 of article 1 of the constitution of said State, except so much thereof as makes navigable public highways, shall be null and void, and that the General Assembly of said State by solemn act, shall declare the consent of the State to the foregoing fundamental condition"

After further discussion, Mr. Trumbull's motion was rejected.

YEAS—Messrs Bayard, Buckalew, Conkling, Davis, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Hendricks, Howe, McCreery, Morgan, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Nye, Patterson, of Tennessee, Saulsbury, Trumbull, Vickers, and Yates—16.

NAYS—Messrs. Anthony, Cameron, Chandler, Conness, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Ferry, Harlan, Morrill of Maine, Morton, Nye, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Ross, Sherman, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Willey, Williams, and Wilson—24.

Mr CONKLING'S amendment was rejected—16 against 25.

Mr. WILLIAMS moved at the end of his amendment in regard to the restoring of officers the words "unless relieved from disability by said amendment." Agreed to.

Mr. SUMNER observed that himself and Mr. Yates, and several other Senators desired to speak on the subject, and moved to adjourn. Rejected, by 19 ayes to 21 nays.

The question was on the passage of the bill

Mr. YATES declined to speak to-night in the face of the desire for an immediate vote.

Endeavor was made to come to an agreement to take the vote to-morrow, but the majority refused.

Mr MORTON took the floor shortly before nine, reading from manuscript, very low a voice, remaining in their seats

Mr BUCKALEW made a half hour's speech against the bill

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, replied to Mr Sumner

At 10.30 the Senate proceeded to vote, and the bill was passed, yeas 31, nays 5, viz: Bayard, Buckalew, Saulsbury, Patterson of Tennessee, and Vickers.

Mr SAULSBURY was paired with Willey, Davis with Morton, and Hendricks with Van Winkle. Norton was absent from illness.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr MOORHEAD reported, by the authority of the Committee on Ways and Means, a bill prepared by the sub-committee thereof, to increase the revenue from duties on imports, which was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. He also offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the condition of the Government building at Pittsburg used for a custom-house and post-office. Adopted.

Mr. PAINE, from the Committee on Reconstruction, reported a bill to relieve from political disabilities Wm. M. Harrison and John Catron, late Judges of Arkansas, the former Justice of the Supreme Court, and the latter Auditor of the State.

Various questions were put to Mr Paisley, Hunter, Hall, Maltine, Maynord, and others, as to the past political status of said parties.

Mr. PAINE replied, that the men in question though they had been implicated in rebellion, were now true and loyal and were indorsed by the delegation in Congress from Arkansas.

Mr GARFIELD, in reply to objection to the bills, quoted General Scott's prediction that when the war was over it would be almost impossible to restrain the fury of some combatants.

After a pretty lively discussion the bill was passed by a two thirds vote.

Mr STOKES asked leave to introduce a bill to form three additional States out of Texas

Mr BROOKS objected.

Mr COBB, from the committee of conference on the bill for the relief of John M Palmer, made a report, which was agreed to, and the House resumed business.

The bill authorizing the Postmaster General to contract with an American steamship company to convey mails to Europe was ordered.

Mr WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved to amend the first section by providing it should not be construed into allowing the Postmaster General to prohibit the transportation of mail to or due to sea it by ships of this line.

Mr DELANO proposed a proviso, that when the receipts for sea postage under the act shall equal or exceed four hundred thousand dollars per annum, the liability of the company to receive inland postage shall cease.

Mr SHELLABARGER moved a proviso that the Government shall have the right within the twenty years for which the contract is to run to purchase or abandon the contract with due regard to the accrued rights of the company.

The House then seconded the previous question on the bill and pending amendments.

Mr CLARKE, of Kansas, moved to table the bill. Negatived, and amendment agreed to and the bill passed.

The morning hour having expired the Speaker stated that the first business in order was the bill reported from the Committee on Commerce on the 27th day of May and postponed until to day, being the bill for the protection of American composers.

Mr WASHBURNE, of Illinois, from the conference committee on the naval appropriation bill, made a report, which was adopted.

Mr FARNSWORTH, from the Postoffice Committee, reported a bill to provide for the erection of a building for the postoffice and United States courts in New York. Ordered printed and recommitted.

Mr LOGAN, Democrat, and Mr. Eliot to yield to him that he might offer a resolution instructing the Committee of Managers to examine the witness Woolley immediately, to that, if he answers the questions for the rational to answer which he was adjudged in contempt, he may not longer be deprived of his liberty as a citizen.

Mr ELIOT declined.

Subsequently Mr. Butler said: I desire to say, for the information of the gentlemen on the other side, that a meeting of the committee on the part of the managers is called for to-morrow morning at which time Mr. Woolley shall be examined.

Mr ELDRIDGE—The conduct of the committee is all wrong and unjust to the witness. They ought to examine him at once. They have no right to keep him in pain in for twenty four hours or three days when he is ready to answer before the committee. I protest against it as an outrage on the liberty of the citizen.

Mr BUTLER was about to reply, but Mr. Eliot declined to yield further.

Mr. ELIOT remarked that there had been a motion given of an intention to make a motion in relation to the pending tax bill and that he did not desire to interfere with such action of the House, and it has still could have to-morrow the same question that it held the floor to-day he would yield.

The pending question being conceded to Mr Bebcock moved that the rules be suspended and the House resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole on the tax bill.

Mr BUTLER inquired whether it was possible for the House to deal with the tax otherwise than by voting down the motion to go into Committee

The SPEAKER replied it the motion was voted down a motion to postpone the tax bill would be in order.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois—If this is to be a test vote—and I understand the gentleman from Massachusetts proposes to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means—

Mr SCHENCK, interrupting—I object to any debate

Mr. WASHBURNE—The House understands the question. I demand the yeas and nays.

A vote was taken, and resulted—yeas 82, nays 37 as follows.

YEAS—Allison, Ames, Ashley of Ohio, Baker, Baldwin, Beaman, Benjamin, Bromwell, Broomall, Buckland, Butler, Cake, Clarke of Kansas, Cobb, Coburn, Cook, Covode, Cullom, Delano, Ickey, Farnsworth, Ferry, Garfield, Getzwell, Harding, Higby, Hill, Hooper, Hopkins, Hubbard of W. Virginia, Hubbard of Tennessee, Ingersoll, Jenckes, Judd, Kelsey, Kitchen, Koontz, Lawrence of Pa., Logan, Loan, Lynch, Marshall, Maynard, McCurdy, Miller, Moorhead, Morrill, Morrissey, Mullins, Newcomb, Nicholls, Paine, Perham, Pettis, Phelps, Pike, Plants, Price, Raum, Robertson, Sawyer, Schenck, Shellabarger, Stevens of Pa., Stewart, Taffe, Taylor, Trimble of Tenn., Trowbridge, Van Horn of Mo., Washburne of Mass., Washburn, Ind., Wilson, Ind., Windom, and Woodward—82.

NAYS—Archer, Baldwin, Barnes, Benton, Boyer, of Michigan, Boyer, of Pa., Brandegee, Brooks, Chanler, Dawson, Dodge, Eldridge, Ela, Ferriss, Getz, Grebenridge, Golladay, Grider, Holmes, Hotchkiss, Hubbard, Hulburd, Hunter, Jones, Kerr, Lafin, Langstreet, Marvin, Maynard, McCullough, Mercur, Moore, Nicholson, Nunn, Penn, Randall, Robinson, Rogers, Ruggles, Smithmunder, Stevens, of Pennsylvania, Stone, Taber, Thomas, Trimble, of Kentucky, Trowbridge, Van Aernam, Van Aiken, Van Trump, Ward, Washburne of Wisconsin, Washburne, of Illinois, and Woodward—38

The House thereupon went into committee, and resumed the consideration of the tax bill, commencing at page 199

The paragraph imposing a special tax on cattle brokers, and the paragraph relating to proprietors of bowling alleys and billiard rooms were amended by making the tax $25, instead of $30

The paragraph relating to jewelers was amended by including in the description persons who manufacture gooders or wares of gold or silver, and the paragraph relating to manufacturers of gold leaf was amended by striking out the words "or silver."

The paragraph relating to warehouses was amended to read proprietors of United States bonded warehouses for the storage of articles in bond.

Mr LOGAN argued against the bonded warehouses and wanted to have the description simply use the words "United States custom warehouses."

Mr SCHENCK replied that the language which Mr. Logan saw in the paragraph had no exclusive whiskey.

Mr LOGAN moved to amend by making the clause read "United States custom warehouses for the storage of merchandise."

Mr. SCHENCK explained it even all exportation [of whisky from this country were stopped there would still be bonded warehouses required for customs and collections, and the question was whether the proprietors of all bonded warehouses should not be taxed. Whisky was as much merchandise as cloth

Mr SPALDING moved to amend the paragraph relating to distillers of oil, by making the first sentence read "Distillers of oil who shall manufacture no more than one thousand barrels a year shall pay $50; those who manufacture ten thousand barrels and less than fifteen thousand, shall pay $75; and all who manufacture more than fifteen thousand barrels annually shall pay $100."

Mr SCOFIELD suggested that the amendment be also reserved, as he (an conduct that the specific tax on oil would be removed.

The amendment was reserved, and after considerable discussion by Messrs. Logan, Judd and Schenck of the amendment, it was rejected.

Mr SCOFIELD moved to amend the paragraph relating to distillers by providing in making the description, "owner or operator of so oil well," read "owner and lessee and operator of a productive well." Agreed to.

Mr WOODWARD moved to strike out the paragraph. Rejected.

Mr. ALLISON moved to amend the paragraph by making the additional tax for every ten thousand in excess of ten thousand ten dollars, instead of one. The amendment was reserved.

Mr SCHENCK moved to amend the paragraph relating to distilleries by adding the following proviso: Provided, that no tax shall be imposed on any still or other apparatus used by druggists or chemists for the manufacture of alcohol for pharmaceutical, chemical, or scientific purposes, which has been used in that process.

Mr LOGAN argued against the amendment as opening the door for frauds.

Mr SCHENCK replied to the argument, and stated the proviso was contained in the existing law Amendment agreed to.

Mr. SCHENCK moved to amend the paragraph by making the special tax on distillers $400 instead of $200, and $5 instead of $1 for every barrel produced in excess of ten thousand barrels, so that if the direct tax on whisky should be reduced the special tax might be increased, and he proposed that the amendment and paragraph be reserved until after the question on the direct tax be disposed of.

Mr MAYNARD suggested that the preceding paragraphs relating to rectifiers, compounders, retail liquor dealers and wholesale dealers in liquor be reserved with the same object that the other paragraphs were reserved.

The paragraph relating to manufactures of stills was amended by striking out the words "for sale."

The paragraph relating to makers of malt drafters was stricken out.

Mr SPALDING moved to amend the paragraph relating to brewers, by reducing the tax from $100 to $50.

Mr VAN AUKEN moved to make the first sentence of the paragraph read between whose sales amount to $10,000 shall pay 6% above $10,000 shall pay $200.

EVENING SESSION.

The tax bill was resumed. No amendment was made to the paragraph relating to breweries.

Several verbal amendments were made to the paragraph relating to dealers in leaf tobacco.

On motion of Mr Woodbourne, of Md., the first sentence of that paragraph was amended to read: Dealers in leaf tobacco, whose sales do not exceed $1,000 shall each pay $25, and if their annual sales exceed $1,000 they shall pay $50 in addition for each additional $1,000 or fraction of $1,000

Mr STEWART moved to strike out of the paragraph that part which requires bonded keepers who sell tobacco, snuff, or cigars to pay the special tax of tobacco dealers. Rejected with an understanding that it may be renewed in the House.

Several other amendments were made and rejected.

No amendment except verbal was made to the paragraph relating to the manufacture of cigars.

Several amendments to the paragraph relating to cigar makers were rejected, and finally a provision was agreed to imposing the penalty on the manufacturer who employs a registered cigar maker.

The first sentence of the last paragraph in the section relating to manufactures not otherwise charged, a specific tax on each manufacturer whose annual sales do not exceed $5,000, shall pay $10, and of no specific or stamp tax is imposed on their products shall pay in addition $5 for each $1,000 in excess of $5,000, provided that no one shall be regarded as a manufacturer who simply makes butter or cheese, or either of them, for his own consumption or market."

Mr PERRY moved to strike out the words and breadstuffs, and debate ensued, and without disposing of the question the committee arose and the House adjourned.

SPANISH AMERICA

Death of a Patriot—Deaths from Yellow Fever—Troops Repulsed by Indians.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The Golding Star brings Panama dates.

Don Mario Orkamera, one of the last surviving patriots who signed the declaration of independence, died from the effects of wounds received in talking out of a window which he was opening on the 4th of July.

The yellow fever was prevailing in Nicaragua.

The Rising Star, from New York, arrived at Aspinwall on the 23rd.

Cubican has a report a grand banquet to Gen Prado, La President of Peru.

The Amazonian Indians have repulsed the troops sent to punish horse thieves.

Mons. De Bocage, French Minister to Peru, died at Lima of yellow fever.

The Peruvian Ministerial Foreign Affairs, Pacheco, also died, and some 200 deaths occurred daily. The disease was spreading along the coast, and abated Italy.

ST. LOUIS.

Miner Robbed—More Indian Outrages.

ST. LOUIS, June 10—Robert Grass, a miner from Montana, was robbed of three thousand dollars ingot bitters last at a Green street dive.

Further advices from the upper Missouri mention Indian hostilities along the river. Steamboats had been fired into, stock run off, and several white killed.

Gen. Terry was at Fort Rice on the 2d of June.

Father Gumet has come out to Indmor, if possible, the Indians to come in and make peace. They are reported to say they don't want peace, for then they starve, but when at war they get what they require from the whites that they do most emphatically.

Mike Kent, formerly mate of the steamer Rinehart, was arrested here to-day on a requisition from the Governor of Louisiana charged with burning that boat near New Orleans, in April last. He will be taken South to-morrow.

Hon. John B. Hood has arrived to day.

WASHINGTON.

Constitutional Amendments Adopted by Florida.

THE WHISKY RING IN FULL BLAST.

Groesbeck Tendered the Secretaryship of the Treasury.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADOPTED BY FLORIDA.

NEW YORK, June 10.—A Washington dispatch states that Senator Wilson has received a dispatch from Florida announcing that the Legislature of that State on Tuesday adopted the 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United States. The Legislature has adjourned sine die. This last, when it will reassemble and elect United States Senators.

STATE.

Gen. Meade will reach Washington on Wednesday, having been summoned to consult with Gen Grant in regard to the transportation of State officers to the posts of his district, and upon their military status connected with his command.

THE WHISKY RING.

Another special states that heads of whisky men, principally from New York and the West, have arrived on the ground for the legislation of the tax bill in relation to whisky.

The Star-Whisky ring, who are interested in keeping from ten to two dollars taxation strong. They have already begun operations, and the ring is in full working order.

WOOLLEY.

Another dispatch says that Woolley was not recommended yesterday by the managers. Many Western bankers and brokers were examined with reference to money transactions with Woolley, and important information was obtained.

SALARIES PAID.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The deficiency bill, in which was included the deficiency for customs-house officials, having passed both houses and received the signature of the President the Treasury Department to day mailed drafts to the different collectors of customs to satisfy the demand for salaries of officials belonging to the customs branch service.

SECRETARYSHIP OF THE TREASURY.

It is understood that the President has written a letter to W. S. Groesbeck, of Ohio, tendering him the office of Secretary of the Treasury, and is being held by him under advisement, although it is believed in official and intimated quarters that the tender will be accepted.

RETRENCH.

General Rousseau has been granted permission by the War Department to delay six weeks in entering his command, the department of Columbia.

DOMICILE.

General Hancock and staff called on the Chinese Embassy this morning.

OBJECT OF GEORGE'S VISIT TO THE CAPITAL.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Washington specials say that General Meade came here to urge that Alabama be left out of the omnibus reconstruction bill. He returns to-night.

THE ALABAMA CONSTITUTION.

The Senate Judiciary Committee has instructed its chairman, Mr. Trumbull, in case that Alabama is omitted from the bill, to report the bill which passed the House in March; providing that the Constitution as submitted for ratification shall be the organic law for a provisional government of the State, and shall again be submitted to the people for ratification.

THE LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Senate Finance Committee has authorized the chairman to report the legislative, &c., appropriation bill, amending it by restoring the salaries of eleven clerks cut by the House, and also restoring the amount appropriated to a half million.

SUMMARY.

Secretary Schofield is engaged in clearing up the accumulated business of the War Department.

NEW YORK.

Death of Gen. James H. Cushing—The National Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention—Accident—Crushing to Death.

Resolutions of the State Democratic Convention.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Gen. James H. Cushing, formerly Attorney General of this State, died suddenly last evening at Bellevue Hospital.

The freight superintendent of the N. Y. Central Railroad says that no arms have been sent toward Canada for a year.

The World says the Cooper Institute has been secured for the "National Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention of July 4, and among the distinguished gentlemen to be present are Mr. Geon. F. Bond, Gideon Granger, Wendell and Hancock, and Gen. Franklin is expected to preside.

The delegates to the European Convention from Germany are to be given on Friday evening a soiree tendered by the Liederkranz Society, and a torchlight procession of the Sharpshooters of the German singing societies in this city and entertained with a concert. On Sunday they leave for Chicago.

By the bursting of a scaffolding on Fifth street to-day two men were killed and an other seriously injured.

Curtiss, Lima's father, was before the Supreme Court to-day on a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Barnard decided that the offense was bailable and admitted Curtiss to bail in the sum of $5,000.

Frederick Gleason, of Milwaukee, died suddenly on Monday night in a car on the Hudson River Railroad depot at Thirtieth street.

At the Jerome Park races the Fordham stakes, all ages, mile and a quarter dash, was won by Somerset; Jackson second, Lizzie third. The purse was $1,000.

The Republican State Convention assembled at Syracuse this morning. Gen. Dwight, of Onondaga, was chosen temporary President. The Democratic State Convention assembled at Albany this morning. Gen. Dix was chosen temporary President.

The Democratic State Convention at Syracuse this afternoon, by a vote of 70 to 50, refused to indorse the Democratic State ticket nominated at Albany, and adopted resolutions declaring that the Democratic party declares its opposition to the reconstruction measures of Congress, denounces corruption, and condemns the reconstruction measures of the seven Republican Senators who voted against the impeachment of the President on one of the charges on which he was impeached by the National Convention, all present and have considered should be elected at their next election and serve for one year from that time.

There was a grand whisky riot to day on Front street, Brooklyn. I. S. Marshal Dillon and posse were insulted and the house badly battered, and a number who had been arrested and released from the officers. No arrests.

Belmont & Morgan's record was $47,000 The fourth race, mile heats, purse $1,000 all ages, was won by General McMahon, beat Cassius Clay, Jessie, &c. Time—1.47—1.47.

Lightner, the escape of Leslie, having surrendered for the alleged attempt to bribe has been released from custody on his own recognizance.

BOSTON.

Honors to Fessenden—Butler Enthusiasm.

BOSTON, June 10.—A request is on foot to tender the compliment of a public dinner to Senator Fessenden, for the purpose of endorsing his action in the impeachment trial. There will also be presented a gold medal, with a suitable inscription. There will also be presented a gold medal, with a suitable inscription. There will also be presented a gold medal, with a suitable inscription